

Using Data to Move from Reactive to Proactive about Pedestrian Safety

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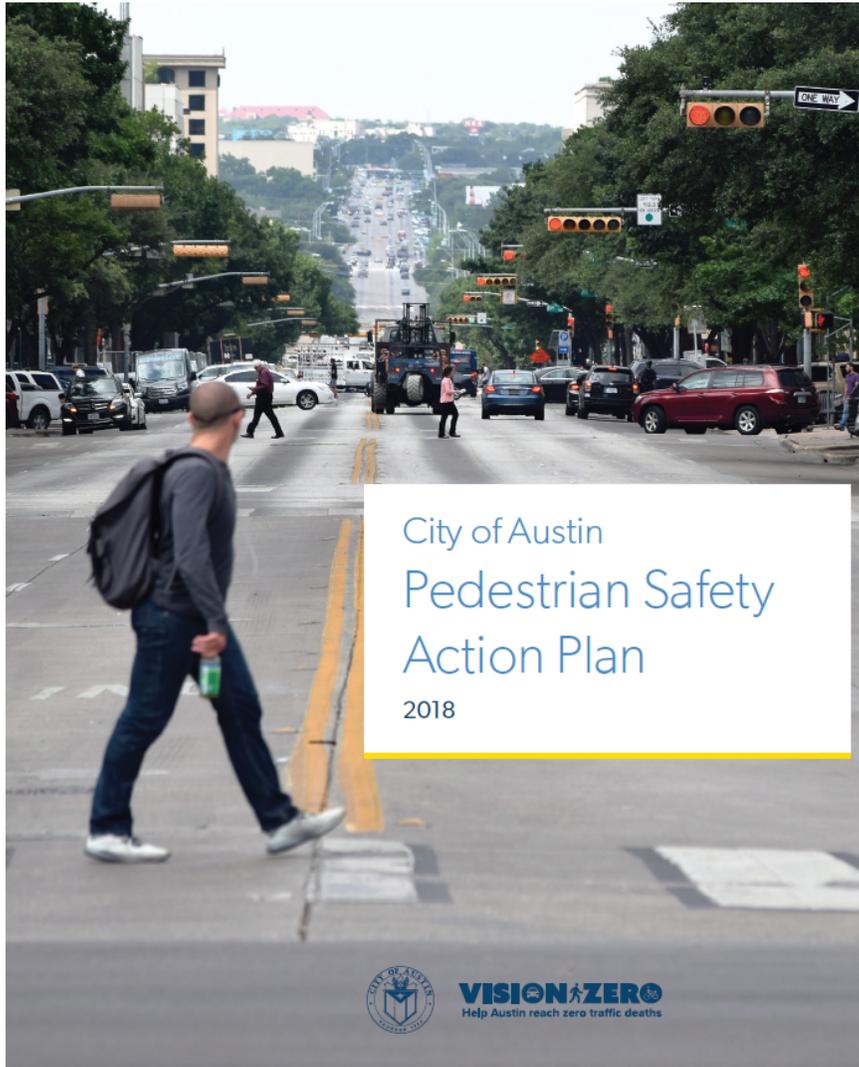
TooleDesignGroup

context



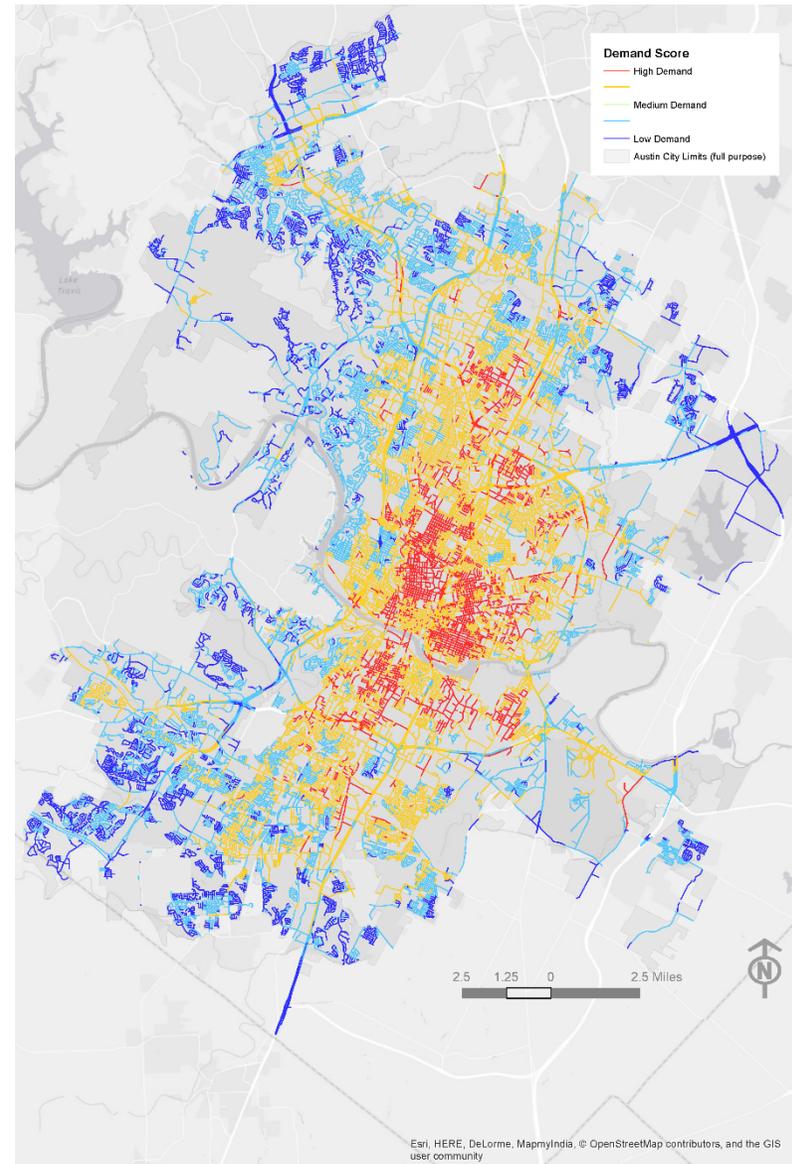
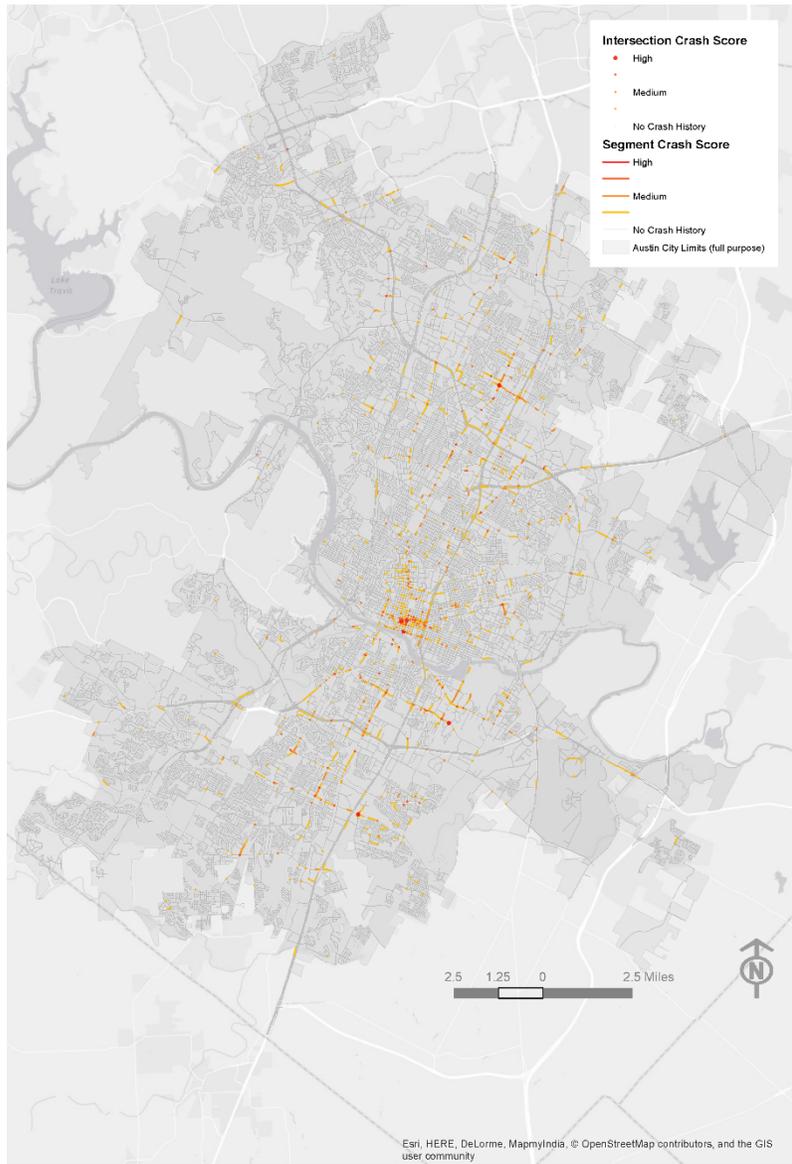
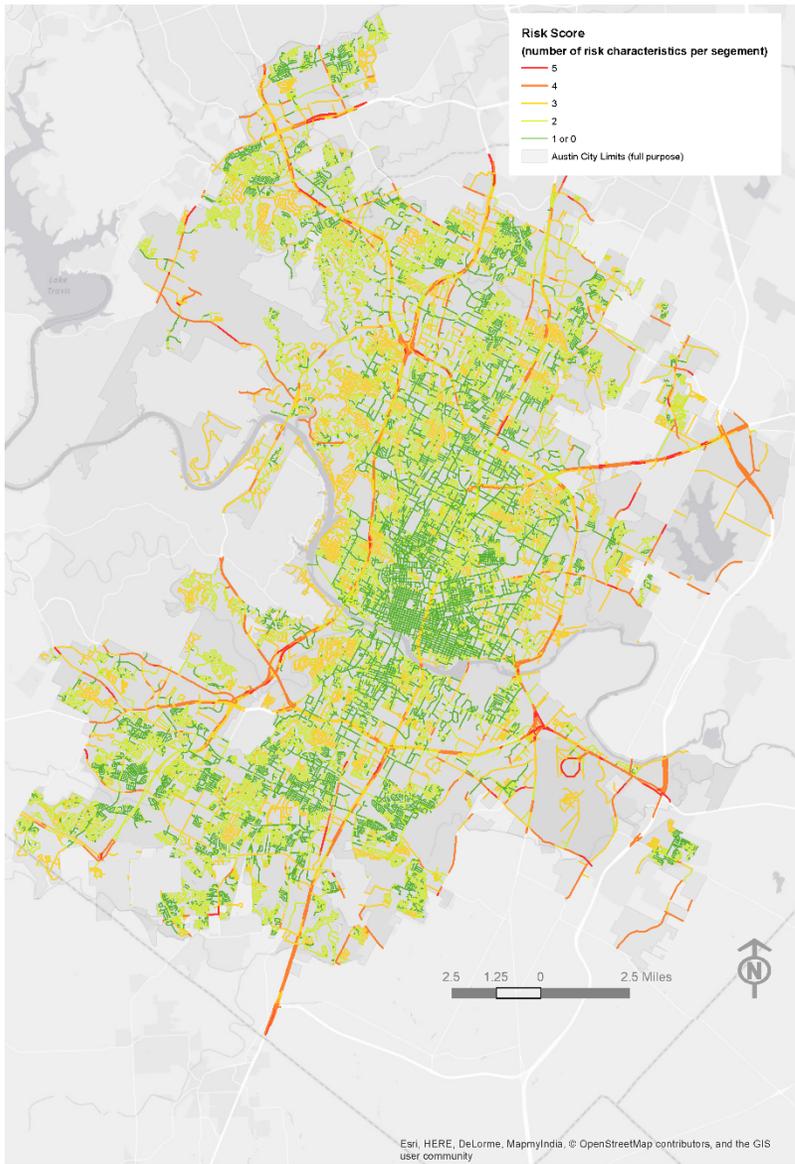
we know the indicators...





Crash Analysis
Community Priorities
Pedestrian Safety Priority Network
Action Plan

Engineering
Education
Enforcement
Policy + Land Use
Evaluation
Partners and Funding



“Hidden” data points

- ▶ Where do people walk
- ▶ Where do people want to walk
- ▶ How are short trips being made
- ▶ Before and after metrics on countermeasures

Reactive to Proactive, thinking in context



CTR Yielding Study

- ▶ Testing yield compliance of drivers
- ▶ 25 crossings at each location
- ▶ Time, date, yielding vehicles, weather, observed speed, posted speed, traffic volume, pedestrian volume, visibility



Coordination

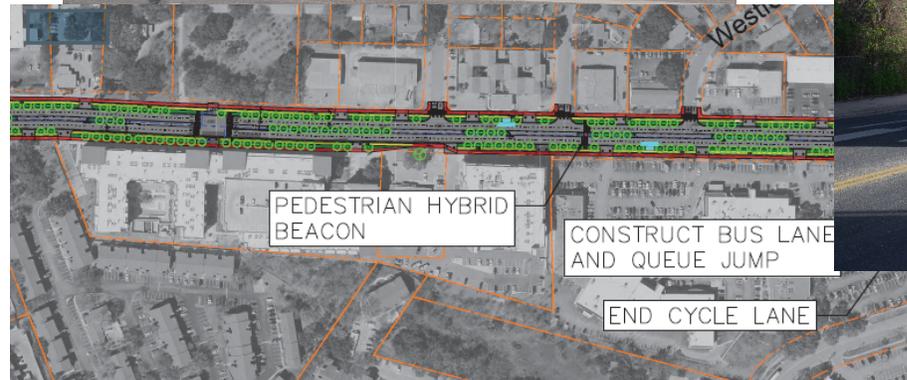
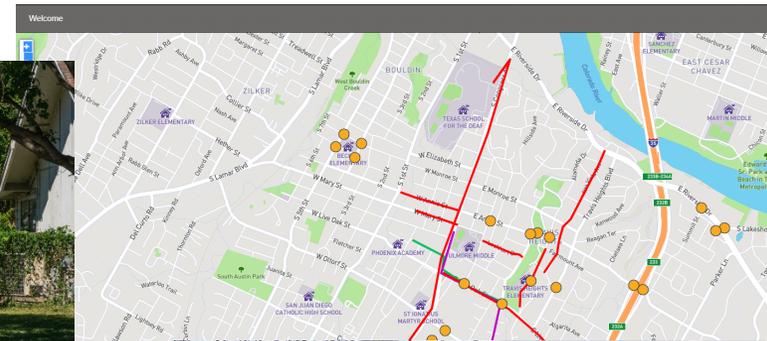
- ▶ Cap Metro
- ▶ Sidewalks and Special Projects
- ▶ Urban Trails
- ▶ Safe Routes to School
- ▶ Street and Bridge
- ▶ 2016 Mobility Bond



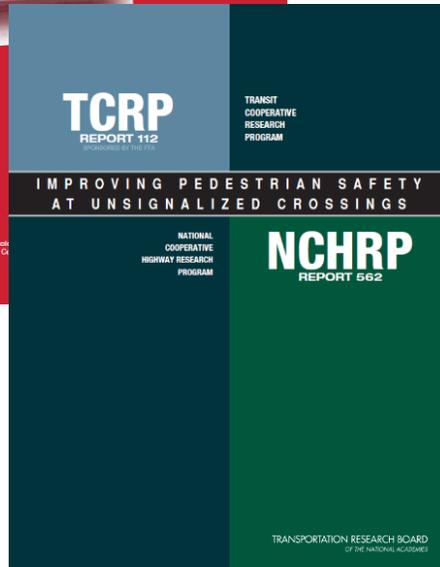
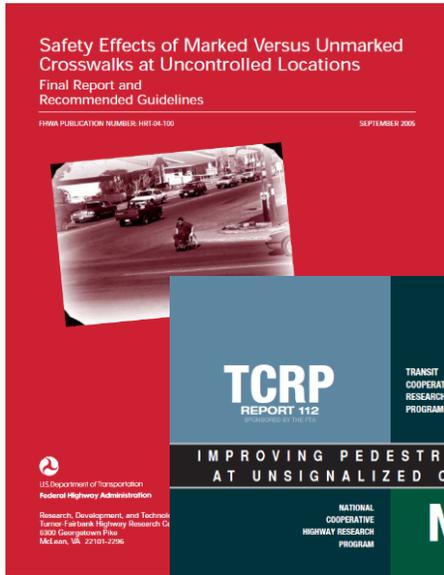
Austin Safe Routes to School Infrastructure Plan



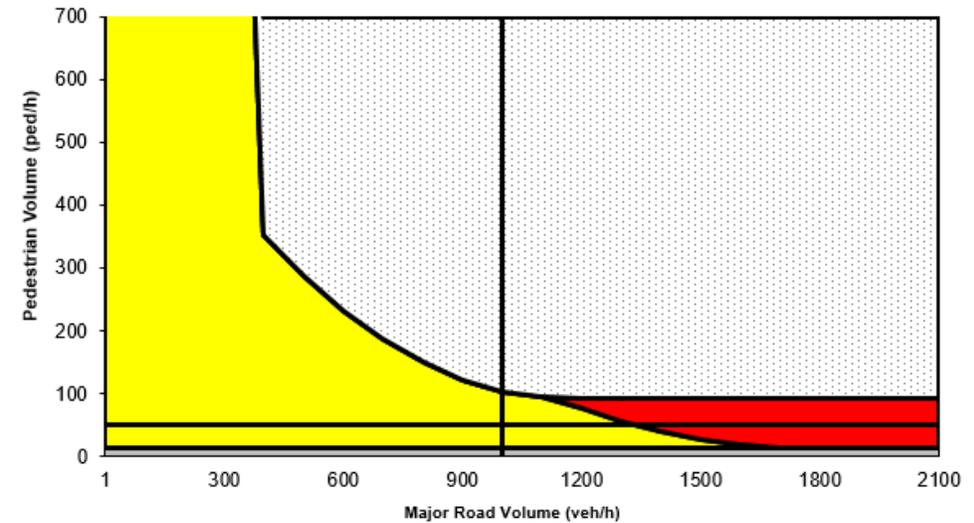
user comments: Route my child walks, Route my child bikes, Desired/Difficult route, Barrier/Issue. Instructions: draw your ideas on the map by clicking on the route or barrier/issue below. Comments entered before May 1.



Crossing Guidelines Development

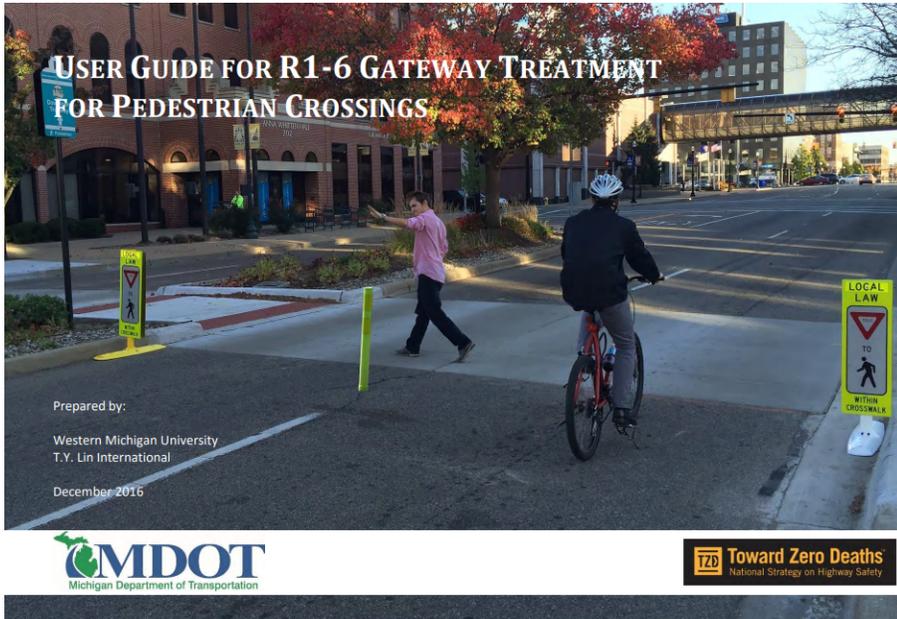


Analyst and Site Information			
Analyst Name		Major Street	
Analysis Date		Minor Street or Location	
Speed: 85th percentile speed if known, or posted or statutory speed limit on the major street (mph)		40	mph
Pedestrian Volume: pedestrian crossings per hour in peak hour		50	peds/hr
Crossing Distance: curb to curb pedestrian crossing distance (feet)		25	feet
Vehicle Volume: total peak hour volume of both approaches OR approach being crossed if refuge island is present		1,000	vehicles/hr
Treatment Recommendation	ACTIVE OR ENHANCED		



NO TREATMENT	Treatment typically not recommended -- use engineering judgement	ACTIVE OR ENHANCED	Devices that increase visibility of the crossing and/or warn motorists of pedestrian presence + curb ramps: - RRFB - In-street signage/Gateway treatment - Advance yield bars - In-roadway warning lights - Overhead flashing beacons	RED	Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon + curb ramps
CROSSWALK	Marked crosswalk + curb ramps			SIGNAL	Traffic signal, if warrants are met + curb ramps

Quick Build Treatments



R1-6 Gateway Treatment

In-street signage

Complements existing infrastructure

Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons
New Interim Approval, covers all of Texas
10 installations to evaluate compliance



Research with Toole Design Group

High Injury Network

- ▶ HIN and GIS script/tool

Systemic Safety Analysis

- ▶ pedestrian and bicycle exposure where known
- ▶ estimate volumes for the entire network
- ▶ risk factors associated with known safety issues
- ▶ locations that have a greater likelihood of a crash, **regardless of whether crashes have been reported there in the past**

Pedestrian Signal Guidelines

- ▶ Timing
- ▶ Locations
- ▶ Prioritization
- ▶ Phasing
- ▶ Signal actuation

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